Adopted Rejected

## **COMMITTEE REPORT**

YES: 11 NO: 0

## MR. SPEAKER:

Your Committee on <u>Insurance</u>, to which was referred <u>Senate Bill 486</u>, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill **be amended** as follows:

| 1  | Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:     |
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| 2  | SECTION 1. IC 5-10-8-2.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.3-2008,                       |
| 3  | SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE                      |
| 4  | JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 2.2. (a) As used in this section, "dependent"         |
| 5  | means a natural child, stepchild, or adopted child of a public safety     |
| 6  | employee who:   |
| 7  | (1) is less than eighteen (18) years of age;                              |
| 8  | (2) is at least eighteen (18) years of age and has a physical or          |
| 9  | mental disability (using disability guidelines established by the         |
| 10 | Social Security Administration); or                                       |
| 11 | (3) is at least eighteen (18) and less than twenty-three (23) years       |
| 12 | of age and is enrolled in and regularly attending a secondary             |
| 13 | school or is a full-time student at an accredited college or              |
| 14 | university.   |
| 15 | (b) As used in this section, "public safety employee" means a             |
| 16 | full-time firefighter, police officer, county police officer, or sheriff. |

| (c) This section applies only to local unit public employers and their |
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| public safety employees.   |
| (d) A local unit public employer may provide programs of group         |

- (d) A local unit public employer may provide programs of group health insurance for its active and retired public safety employees through one (1) of the following methods:
  - (1) By purchasing policies of group insurance.

- (2) By establishing self-insurance programs.
- (3) By electing to participate in the local unit group of local units that offer the state employee health plan under section 6.6 of this chapter.
- (4) If the local unit public employer is a school corporation, by electing to provide the coverage through a state employee health plan under section 6.7 of this chapter.

A local unit public employer may provide programs of group insurance other than group health insurance for the local unit public employer's active and retired public safety employees by purchasing policies of group insurance and by establishing self-insurance programs. However, the establishment of a self-insurance program is subject to the approval of the unit's fiscal body.

- (e) A local unit public employer may pay a part of the cost of group insurance for its active and retired public safety employees. However, a local unit public employer that provides group life insurance for its active and retired public safety employees shall pay a part of the cost of that insurance.
- (f) A local unit public employer may not cancel an insurance contract under this section during the policy term of the contract.
- (g) After June 30, 1989, a local unit public employer that provides a group health insurance program for its active public safety employees shall also provide a group health insurance program to the following persons:
  - (1) Retired public safety employees.
  - (2) Public safety employees who are receiving disability benefits under IC 36-8-6, IC 36-8-7, IC 36-8-7.5, IC 36-8-8, or IC 36-8-10.
  - (3) Surviving spouses and dependents of public safety employees who die while in active service or after retirement.
- (h) A public safety employee who is retired or has a disability and is eligible for group health insurance coverage under subsection (g)(1) or (g)(2):

| 1  | (1) may elect to have the person's spouse, dependents, or spouse        |
|----|---|
| 2  | and dependents covered under the group health insurance                 |
| 3  | program at the time the person retires or becomes disabled;             |
| 4  | (2) must file a written request for insurance coverage with the         |
| 5  | employer within ninety (90) days after the person retires or begins     |
| 6  | receiving disability benefits; and                                      |
| 7  | (3) must pay an amount equal to the total of the employer's and         |
| 8  | the employee's premiums for the group health insurance for an           |
| 9  | active public safety employee (however, the employer may elect          |
| 10 | to pay any part of the person's premiums).                              |
| 11 | (i) Except as provided in IC 36-8-6-9.7(f), IC 36-8-6-10.1(h),          |
| 12 | IC 36-8-7-12.3(g), IC 36-8-7-12.4(j), IC 36-8-7.5-13.7(h),              |
| 13 | IC 36-8-7.5-14.1(i), IC 36-8-8-13.9(d), IC 36-8-8-14.1(h), and          |
| 14 | IC 36-8-10-16.5 for a surviving spouse or dependent of a public safety  |
| 15 | employee who dies in the line of duty, a surviving spouse or dependent  |
| 16 | who is eligible for group health insurance under subsection (g)(3):     |
| 17 | (1) may elect to continue coverage under the group health               |
| 18 | insurance program after the death of the public safety employee;        |
| 19 | (2) must file a written request for insurance coverage with the         |
| 20 | employer within ninety (90) days after the death of the public          |
| 21 | safety employee; and  |
| 22 | (3) must pay the amount that the public safety employee would           |
| 23 | have been required to pay under this section for coverage selected      |
| 24 | by the surviving spouse or dependent (however, the employer may         |
| 25 | elect to pay any part of the surviving spouse's or dependents'          |
| 26 | premiums).  |
| 27 | (j) The eligibility for group health insurance under this section for   |
| 28 | a public safety employee who is retired or has a disability ends on the |
| 29 | earlier of the following:   |
| 30 | (1) When the public safety employee becomes eligible for                |
| 31 | Medicare coverage as prescribed by 42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.               |
| 32 | (2) When the employer terminates the health insurance program           |
| 33 | for active public safety employees.                                     |
| 34 | (k) A surviving spouse's eligibility for group health insurance under   |
| 35 | this section ends on the earliest of the following:                     |
| 36 | (1) When the surviving spouse becomes eligible for Medicare             |
| 37 | coverage as prescribed by 42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.                        |
| 38 | (2) When the unit providing the insurance terminates the health         |

- insurance program for active public safety employees.
- 2 (3) The date of the surviving spouse's remarriage.

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- (4) When health insurance becomes available to the surviving spouse through employment.
- (l) A dependent's eligibility for group health insurance under this section ends on the earliest of the following:
  - (1) When the dependent becomes eligible for Medicare coverage as prescribed by 42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.
  - (2) When the unit providing the insurance terminates the health insurance program for active public safety employees.
  - (3) When the dependent no longer meets the criteria set forth in subsection (a).
  - (4) When health insurance becomes available to the dependent through employment.
- (m) A public safety employee who is on leave without pay is entitled to participate for ninety (90) days in any group health insurance program maintained by the local unit public employer for active public safety employees if the public safety employee pays an amount equal to the total of the employer's and the employee's premiums for the insurance. However, the employer may pay all or part of the employer's premium for the insurance.
- (n) A local unit public employer may provide group health insurance for retired public safety employees or their spouses not covered by subsections (g) through (l) and may provide group health insurance that contains provisions more favorable to retired public safety employees and their spouses than required by subsections (g) through (l). A local unit public employer may provide group health insurance to a public safety employee who is on leave without pay for a longer period than required by subsection (m), and may continue to pay all or a part of the employer's premium for the insurance while the employee is on leave without pay.
- SECTION 2. IC 5-10-8-2.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2005, SECTION 76, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 2.6. (a) This section applies only to local unit public employers and their employees. This section does not apply to public safety employees, surviving spouses, and dependents covered by section 2.2 of this chapter.
- 38 (b) A public employer may provide programs of group insurance for

its employees and retired employees. The public employer may, however, exclude part-time employees and persons who provide services to the unit under contract from any group insurance coverage that the public employer provides to the employer's full-time employees. A public employer may provide programs of group health insurance under this section through one (1) of the following methods:

- (1) By purchasing policies of group insurance.
- (2) By establishing self-insurance programs.

- (3) By electing to participate in the local unit group of local units that offer the state employee health plan under section 6.6 of this chapter.
- (4) If the local unit public employer is a school corporation, by electing to provide the coverage through a state employee health plan under section 6.7 of this chapter.

A public employer may provide programs of group insurance other than group health insurance under this section by purchasing policies of group insurance and by establishing self-insurance programs. However, the establishment of a self-insurance program is subject to the approval of the unit's fiscal body.

- (c) A public employer may pay a part of the cost of group insurance, but shall pay a part of the cost of group life insurance for local employees. A public employer may pay, as supplemental wages, an amount equal to the deductible portion of group health insurance as long as payment of the supplemental wages will not result in the payment of the total cost of the insurance by the public employer.
- (d) An insurance contract for local employees under this section may not be canceled by the public employer during the policy term of the contract.
- (e) After June 30, 1986, a public employer shall provide a group health insurance program under subsection (g) to each retired employee:
  - (1) whose retirement date is:
- (A) after May 31, 1986, for a retired employee who was a teacher (as defined in IC 20-18-2-22) for a school corporation;
- 36 (B) after June 30, 1986, for a retired employee not covered by clause (A);
  - (2) who will have reached fifty-five (55) years of age on or before

the employee's retirement date but who will not be eligible on that 2 date for Medicare coverage as prescribed by 42 U.S.C. 1395 et 3 seq.;

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- (3) who will have completed twenty (20) years of creditable employment with a public employer on or before the employee's retirement date, ten (10) years of which must have been completed immediately preceding the retirement date; and
- (4) who will have completed at least fifteen (15) years of participation in the retirement plan of which the employee is a member on or before the employee's retirement date.
- (f) A group health insurance program required by subsection (e) must be equal in coverage to that offered active employees and must permit the retired employee to participate if the retired employee pays an amount equal to the total of the employer's and the employee's premiums for the group health insurance for an active employee and if the employee, within ninety (90) days after the employee's retirement date, files a written request with the employer for insurance coverage. However, the employer may elect to pay any part of the retired employee's premiums.
- (g) A retired employee's eligibility to continue insurance under subsection (e) ends when the employee becomes eligible for Medicare coverage as prescribed by 42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq., or when the employer terminates the health insurance program. A retired employee who is eligible for insurance coverage under subsection (e) may elect to have the employee's spouse covered under the health insurance program at the time the employee retires. If a retired employee's spouse pays the amount the retired employee would have been required to pay for coverage selected by the spouse, the spouse's subsequent eligibility to continue insurance under this section is not affected by the death of the retired employee. The surviving spouse's eligibility ends on the earliest of the following:
  - (1) When the spouse becomes eligible for Medicare coverage as prescribed by 42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.
  - (2) When the employer terminates the health insurance program.
  - (3) Two (2) years after the date of the employee's death.
- 36 (4) The date of the spouse's remarriage.
  - (h) This subsection does not apply to an employee who is entitled to group insurance coverage under IC 20-28-10-2(b). An employee

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who is on leave without pay is entitled to participate for ninety (90) days in any group health insurance program maintained by the public employer for active employees if the employee pays an amount equal to the total of the employer's and the employee's premiums for the insurance. However, the employer may pay all or part of the employer's premium for the insurance.

(i) A public employer may provide group health insurance for retired employees or their spouses not covered by subsections (e) through (g) and may provide group health insurance that contains provisions more favorable to retired employees and their spouses than required by subsections (e) through (g). A public employer may provide group health insurance to an employee who is on leave without pay for a longer period than required by subsection (h), and may continue to pay all or a part of the employer's premium for the insurance while the employee is on leave without pay.

SECTION 3. IC 5-10-8-6.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2009 (RETROACTIVE)]: **Sec. 6.3. (a) As used in this section, "covered individual" means an individual who is covered under a group health insurance plan.** 

- (b) As used in this section, "group health insurance plan" means a plan described in section 6 of this chapter that provides coverage for basic health care services (as defined in IC 27-13-1-4).
- (c) As used in this section, "pervasive developmental disorder" means a neurological condition, including Asperger's syndrome and autism, as defined in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders of the American Psychiatric Association.
- (d) A group health insurance plan must provide a covered individual with coverage for the treatment of a pervasive developmental disorder. Coverage provided under this section is limited to treatment that is prescribed by the covered individual's treating physician in accordance with a treatment plan. A group health insurance plan may not deny or refuse to issue coverage on, refuse to contract with, or refuse to renew, refuse to reissue, or otherwise terminate or restrict coverage on, an individual under the group health coverage plan solely because the individual is diagnosed with a pervasive developmental disorder.

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| (e) The            | e coverage required by subsection (d) may not be subject     | ct |
| to dollar l        | imits, deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance provisior     | 18 |
| that are           | less favorable to a covered individual than the dolla        | ır |
| limits, de         | ductibles, copayments, or coinsurance provisions that        | at |
| apply to           | physical illness generally under the group healt             | th |
| insurance          | plan.  |    |
| SECTI              | ON 4. IC 5-10-8-6.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA COD              | E  |
| AS A NEV           | W SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JUL                  | Y  |
| 1, 2009]: <b>S</b> | Sec. 6.7. (a) As used in this section, "state employee healt | th |
| plan" me           | ans a:   |    |
| (1) so             | elf-insurance program established under section 7(b) o       | of |
| this               | chapter; or  |    |
| (2) c              | ontract with a prepaid health care delivery plan entere      | d  |
| into               | under section 7(c) of this chapter;                          |    |
| to provid          | e group health coverage for state employees.                 |    |
| (b) Th             | ne state personnel department shall allow a school           | ol |
| corporati          | on to elect to provide coverage of health care services fo   | r  |
| active and         | d retired employees of the school corporation under          | a  |
| state emp          | loyee health plan.   |    |
| (c) The            | e following apply if a school corporation elects to provid   | le |
| coverage           | for active and retired employees of the school corporatio    | n  |
| undor sub          | esection (b):  |    |

- - (1) The state shall not pay any part of the cost of the coverage.
  - (2) The coverage provided to an active or retired school corporation employee under this section must be the same as the coverage provided to an active or retired state employee under the state employee health plan.
  - (3) Notwithstanding sections 2.2 and 2.6 of this chapter:
    - (A) the school corporation shall pay for the coverage provided to an active or retired school corporation employee under this section an amount equal to the amount paid by the state for coverage provided to an active or retired state employee under the state employee health plan; and
    - (B) an active or retired school corporation employee shall pay for the coverage provided to the active or retired school corporation employee under this section an amount equal to the amount paid by an active or retired state

employee for coverage provided to the active or retired state employee under the state employee health plan.

- (4) The school corporation shall pay any administrative costs of the school corporation's participation in the state employee health plan.
- (5) The school corporation shall provide the coverage elected under subsection (b) for a period of at least three (3) years beginning on the date the coverage of the school corporation employees under the state employee health plan begins.
- (d) The state personnel department shall provide an enrollment period at least every thirty (30) days for a school corporation that elects to provide coverage under subsection (b).
- (e) The state personnel department may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this section.
- (f) Neither this section nor a school corporation's election to participate in a state employee health plan as provided in this section impairs the rights of an exclusive representative of the certificated or noncertificated employees of the school corporation to collectively bargain all matters related to school employee health insurance programs and benefits.

SECTION 5. IC 20-26-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2006, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 4. In carrying out the school purposes of a school corporation, the governing body acting on the school corporation's behalf has the following specific powers:

- (1) In the name of the school corporation, to sue and be sued and to enter into contracts in matters permitted by applicable law.
- (2) To take charge of, manage, and conduct the educational affairs of the school corporation and to establish, locate, and provide the necessary schools, school libraries, other libraries where permitted by law, other buildings, facilities, property, and equipment.
- (3) To appropriate from the school corporation's general fund an amount, not to exceed the greater of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per budget year or one dollar (\$1) per pupil, not to exceed twelve thousand five hundred dollars (\$12,500), based on the school corporation's previous year's ADM, to promote the best interests of the school corporation through:

| 1   | (A) the purchase of means, decorations, memoratina, or              |
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| 2   | awards;   |
| 3   | (B) provision for expenses incurred in interviewing job             |
| 4   | applicants; or  |
| 5   | (C) developing relations with other governmental units.             |
| 6   | (4) To:   |
| 7   | (A) Acquire, construct, erect, maintain, hold, and contract for     |
| 8   | construction, erection, or maintenance of real estate, real estate  |
| 9   | improvements, or an interest in real estate or real estate          |
| .0  | improvements, as the governing body considers necessary for         |
| 1   | school purposes, including buildings, parts of buildings,           |
| 2   | additions to buildings, rooms, gymnasiums, auditoriums,             |
| .3  | playgrounds, playing and athletic fields, facilities for physical   |
| 4   | training, buildings for administrative, office, warehouse, repair   |
| .5  | activities, or housing school owned buses, landscaping, walks       |
| 6   | drives, parking areas, roadways, easements and facilities for       |
| .7  | power, sewer, water, roadway, access, storm and surface             |
| . 8 | water, drinking water, gas, electricity, other utilities and        |
| .9  | similar purposes, by purchase, either outright for cash (or         |
| 20  | under conditional sales or purchase money contracts providing       |
| 21  | for a retention of a security interest by the seller until payment  |
| 22  | is made or by notes where the contract, security retention, or      |
| 23  | note is permitted by applicable law), by exchange, by gift, by      |
| 24  | devise, by eminent domain, by lease with or without option to       |
| 2.5 | purchase, or by lease under IC 20-47-2, IC 20-47-3, or              |
| 26  | IC 20-47-5.   |
| 27  | (B) Repair, remodel, remove, or demolish, or to contract for        |
| 28  | the repair, remodeling, removal, or demolition of the real          |
| 29  | estate, real estate improvements, or interest in the real estate    |
| 30  | or real estate improvements, as the governing body considers        |
| 31  | necessary for school purposes.                                      |
| 32  | (C) Provide for conservation measures through utility               |
| 33  | efficiency programs or under a guaranteed savings contract as       |
| 34  | described in IC 36-1-12.5.  |
| 35  | (5) To acquire personal property or an interest in personal         |
| 66  | property as the governing body considers necessary for school       |
| 37  | purposes, including buses, motor vehicles, equipment, apparatus     |
| 8   | appliances, books, furniture, and supplies, either by cash purchase |

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or under conditional sales or purchase money contracts providing for a security interest by the seller until payment is made or by notes where the contract, security, retention, or note is permitted by applicable law, by gift, by devise, by loan, or by lease with or without option to purchase and to repair, remodel, remove, relocate, and demolish the personal property. All purchases and contracts specified under the powers authorized under subdivision (4) and this subdivision are subject solely to applicable law relating to purchases and contracting by municipal corporations in general and to the supervisory control of state agencies as provided in section 6 of this chapter.

- (6) To sell or exchange real or personal property or interest in real or personal property that, in the opinion of the governing body, is not necessary for school purposes, in accordance with IC 20-26-7, to demolish or otherwise dispose of the property if, in the opinion of the governing body, the property is not necessary for school purposes and is worthless, and to pay the expenses for the demolition or disposition.
- (7) To lease any school property for a rental that the governing body considers reasonable or to permit the free use of school property for:
  - (A) civic or public purposes; or
- (B) the operation of a school age child care program for children who are at least five (5) years of age and less than fifteen (15) years of age that operates before or after the school day, or both, and during periods when school is not in session; if the property is not needed for school purposes. Under this subdivision, the governing body may enter into a long term lease with a nonprofit corporation, community service organization, or other governmental entity, if the corporation, organization, or other governmental entity will use the property to be leased for civic or public purposes or for a school age child care program. However, if payment for the property subject to a long term lease is made from money in the school corporation's debt service fund, all proceeds from the long term lease must be deposited in the school corporation's debt service fund so long as payment for the property has not been made. The governing body may, at the governing body's option, use the procedure specified in

IC 36-1-11-10 in leasing property under this subdivision.

(8) To:

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- (A) Employ, contract for, and discharge superintendents, supervisors, principals, teachers, librarians, athletic coaches (whether or not they are otherwise employed by the school corporation and whether or not they are licensed under IC 20-28-5), business managers, superintendents of buildings and grounds, janitors, engineers, architects, physicians, dentists, nurses, accountants, teacher aides performing noninstructional duties, educational and other professional consultants, data processing and computer service for school purposes, including the making of schedules, the keeping and analyzing of grades and other student data, the keeping and preparing of warrants, payroll, and similar data where approved by the state board of accounts as provided below, and other personnel or services as the governing body considers necessary for school purposes.
- (B) Fix and pay the salaries and compensation of persons and services described in this subdivision.
- (C) Classify persons or services described in this subdivision and to adopt schedules of salaries or compensation.
- (D) Determine the number of the persons or the amount of the services employed or contracted for as provided in this subdivision.
- (E) Determine the nature and extent of the duties of the persons described in this subdivision.

The compensation, terms of employment, and discharge of teachers are, however, subject to and governed by the laws relating to employment, contracting, compensation, and discharge of teachers. The compensation, terms of employment, and discharge of bus drivers are subject to and governed by laws relating to employment, contracting, compensation, and discharge of bus drivers. The forms and procedures relating to the use of computer and data processing equipment in handling the financial affairs of the school corporation must be submitted to the state board of accounts for approval so that the services are used by the school corporation when the governing body determines that it is in the best interest of the school corporation while at the same

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time providing reasonable accountability for the funds expended. (9) Notwithstanding the appropriation limitation in subdivision (3), when the governing body by resolution considers a trip by an employee of the school corporation or by a member of the governing body to be in the interest of the school corporation, including attending meetings, conferences, or examining equipment, buildings, and installation in other areas, to permit the employee to be absent in connection with the trip without any loss in pay and to reimburse the employee or the member the employee's or member's reasonable lodging and meal expenses and necessary transportation expenses. To pay teaching personnel for time spent in sponsoring and working with school related trips or activities. (10) To transport children to and from school, when in the opinion of the governing body the transportation is necessary, including considerations for the safety of the children and without regard to the distance the children live from the school. The transportation must be otherwise in accordance with applicable

- (11) To provide a lunch program for a part or all of the students attending the schools of the school corporation, including the establishment of kitchens, kitchen facilities, kitchen equipment, lunch rooms, the hiring of the necessary personnel to operate the lunch program, and the purchase of material and supplies for the lunch program, charging students for the operational costs of the lunch program, fixing the price per meal or per food item. To operate the lunch program as an extracurricular activity, subject to the supervision of the governing body. To participate in a surplus commodity or lunch aid program.
- (12) To purchase textbooks, to furnish textbooks without cost or to rent textbooks to students, to participate in a textbook aid program, all in accordance with applicable law.
- (13) To accept students transferred from other school corporations and to transfer students to other school corporations in accordance with applicable law.
- (14) To make budgets, to appropriate funds, and to disburse the money of the school corporation in accordance with applicable law. To borrow money against current tax collections and

otherwise to borrow money, in accordance with IC 20-48-1.

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(15) To purchase insurance or to establish and maintain a program of self-insurance relating to the liability of the school corporation or the school corporation's employees in connection with motor vehicles or property and for additional coverage to the extent permitted and in accordance with IC 34-13-3-20. To purchase additional insurance or to establish and maintain a program of self-insurance protecting the school corporation and members of the governing body, employees, contractors, or agents of the school corporation from liability, risk, accident, or loss related to school property, school contract, school or school related activity, including the purchase of insurance or the establishment and maintenance of a self-insurance program protecting persons described in this subdivision against false imprisonment, false arrest, libel, or slander for acts committed in the course of the persons' employment, protecting the school corporation for fire and extended coverage and other casualty risks to the extent of replacement cost, loss of use, and other insurable risks relating to property owned, leased, or held by the school corporation. To:

- (A) participate in a state employee health plan under IC 5-10-8-6.6 or IC 5-10-8-6.7;
- (B) purchase insurance; or
- (C) establish and maintain a program of self-insurance; to benefit school corporation employees, including accident, sickness, health, or dental coverage, provided that a plan of self-insurance must include an aggregate stop-loss provision.
- (16) To make all applications, to enter into all contracts, and to sign all documents necessary for the receipt of aid, money, or property from the state, the federal government, or from any other source.
- (17) To defend a member of the governing body or any employee of the school corporation in any suit arising out of the performance of the member's or employee's duties for or employment with, the school corporation, if the governing body by resolution determined that the action was taken in good faith. To save any member or employee harmless from any liability, cost, or damage in connection with the performance, including the

payment of legal fees, except where the liability, cost, or damage is predicated on or arises out of the bad faith of the member or employee, or is a claim or judgment based on the member's or employee's malfeasance in office or employment.

- (18) To prepare, make, enforce, amend, or repeal rules, regulations, and procedures:
  - (A) for the government and management of the schools, property, facilities, and activities of the school corporation, the school corporation's agents, employees, and pupils and for the operation of the governing body; and
  - (B) that may be designated by an appropriate title such as "policy handbook", "bylaws", or "rules and regulations".
- (19) To ratify and approve any action taken by a member of the governing body, an officer of the governing body, or an employee of the school corporation after the action is taken, if the action could have been approved in advance, and in connection with the action to pay the expense or compensation permitted under IC 20-26-1 through IC 20-26-5, IC 20-26-7, IC 20-40-12, and IC 20-48-1 or any other law.
- (20) To exercise any other power and make any expenditure in carrying out the governing body's general powers and purposes provided in this chapter or in carrying out the powers delineated in this section which is reasonable from a business or educational standpoint in carrying out school purposes of the school corporation, including the acquisition of property or the employment or contracting for services, even though the power or expenditure is not specifically set out in this chapter. The specific powers set out in this section do not limit the general grant of powers provided in this chapter except where a limitation is set out in IC 20-26-1 through IC 20-26-5, IC 20-26-7, IC 20-40-12, and IC 20-48-1 by specific language or by reference to other law.

SECTION 6. IC 27-1-6-0.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 0.4. As used in this chapter with respect to a corporation described in section 1(b) of this chapter, "corporate officer" or "incorporator" refers to the chief executive or chief financial officer of a municipality described in section 1(b) of this chapter.

SECTION 7. IC 27-1-6-0.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: **Sec. 0.6.** As used in this chapter, "municipality" has the meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-11.

SECTION 8. IC 27-1-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), any number of natural persons, not less than seven (7), all of whom are eighteen (18) years of age or older, at least a majority of whom are residents of the state of Indiana and citizens of the United States, may form a corporation under the provisions of this chapter for the purpose of making any kind or kinds of insurance described in any one (1) class set out in IC 27-1-5-1, other than reciprocal, farm mutual, fraternal, and assessment insurance, by complying with the provisions of this chapter.

(b) Four (4) or more Indiana municipalities, represented by at least seven (7) incorporators, may form a corporation as a domestic mutual company under this chapter for purposes of making any kind or kinds of insurance described in any one (1) class set out in IC 27-1-5-1 (other than reciprocal, farm mutual, fraternal, and assessment insurance) available to Indiana municipalities.

SECTION 9. IC 27-1-6-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 15. (a) This section does not apply to a domestic mutual company described in section 1(b) of this chapter.

- (a) (b) Except as provided in subsection (b), (c), a domestic mutual company that organized before July 1, 1977, must maintain a surplus of not less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000). This subsection does not apply to a standard farm mutual insurance company that is organized under IC 27-5 (before its repeal) or IC 27-5.1.
- (b) (c) A domestic mutual company that organized before July 1, 1977, must maintain a surplus of not less than:
- (1) seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000), if it markets
  one (1) or more kinds of insurance under both Class II and Class
  III, other than Class II(k) insurance;
- (2) one million dollars (\$1,000,000), if it markets one (1) or more
  kinds of insurance under Class II, including Class II(k) insurance;

| 1  | or   |
|----|--|
| 2  | (3) one million dollars (\$1,000,000), if it markets one (1) or more   |
| 3  | kinds of insurance under both Class II and Class III, including        |
| 4  | Class II(k) insurance.   |
| 5  | (c) (d) A domestic mutual company that organized after June 30,        |
| 6  | 1977, must maintain a surplus of not less than one million two hundred |
| 7  | fifty thousand dollars (\$1,250,000). However, when it organizes, it   |
| 8  | must:  |
| 9  | (1) have a surplus of not less than two million dollars                |
| 10 | (\$2,000,000);   |
| 11 | (2) for the one (1) or more kinds of insurance under Class I that      |
| 12 | it intends to market, have received applications for insurance from    |
| 13 | not less than four hundred (400) persons, each application for an      |
| 14 | amount not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), and have          |
| 15 | received the first year's premium due on a policy to be issued on      |
| 16 | each such application; and   |
| 17 | (3) for the one (1) or more kinds of insurance under Class II or       |
| 18 | Class III that it intends to market, have received applications for    |
| 19 | insurance covering not less than eight hundred (800) separate          |
| 20 | risks in not less than forty (40) policies to be issued to not less    |
| 21 | than forty (40) members, and have received premiums amounting          |
| 22 | to not less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for those    |
| 23 | policies.  |
| 24 | (d) (e) A domestic mutual company must deposit with the                |
| 25 | department in cash or in obligations of the United States:             |
| 26 | (1) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), if it organized before    |
| 27 | June 30, 1955;   |
| 28 | (2) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), if it organized after June 29,  |
| 29 | 1955, and before March 7, 1967; or                                     |
| 30 | (3) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), if it organized after    |
| 31 | March 6, 1967.   |
| 32 | This subsection does not apply to a standard farm mutual insurance     |
| 33 | company that is organized under IC 27-5 (before its repeal) or         |
| 34 | IC 27-5.1.   |
| 35 | (e) (f) If the commissioner determines that the continued operation    |
| 36 | of a domestic mutual company may be hazardous to the policyholders     |
| 37 | or the general public, the commissioner may, upon the commissioner's   |
| 38 | determination, issue an order requiring the insurer to increase the    |

1 insurer's capital and surplus based on the type, volume, and nature of 2 the business transacted. 3 SECTION 10. IC 27-1-6-15.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 4 5 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 15.1. (a) A domestic mutual 6 company described in section 1(b) of this chapter must maintain a 7 surplus of not less than one million two hundred fifty thousand 8 dollars (\$1,250,000). However, when the company organizes, the 9 company must: 10 (1) have: 11 (A) a surplus of not less than two million dollars 12 (\$2,000,000); and (B) applications for insurance from not less than twenty 13 14 (20) municipalities, each application for an amount not less 15 than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000); 16 (2) for the one (1) or more kinds of insurance under Class I that the company intends to market, have received: 17 18 (A) applications for insurance from not less than one 19 hundred (100) individuals, each application for an amount 20 not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000); and 21 (B) the first year's premium due on a policy to be issued on 22 each application; and 23 (3) for the one (1) or more kinds of insurance under Class II 24 or Class III that the company intends to market, have 25 received: 26 (A) applications for insurance covering not less than forty 27 (40) policies to be issued; and 2.8 (B) premiums amounting to not less than five hundred 29 thousand dollars (\$500,000) for the policies. 30 (b) A domestic mutual company described in section 1(b) of this 31 chapter shall deposit with the department, in cash or in obligations 32 of the United States, one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000). 33 (c) If the commissioner determines that the continued operation 34 of a domestic mutual company described in section 1(b) of this 35 chapter may be hazardous to the policyholders or the general public, the commissioner may, upon the commissioner's 36 37 determination, issue an order requiring the insurer to increase the 38 insurer's capital and surplus based on the type, volume, and nature

## of the business transacted.

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SECTION 11. IC 27-1-12-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 11. (a) After the department has ascertained the net reserve value of all policies (as defined in section 9 of this chapter) or the reserve liabilities (as defined in section 10 of this chapter) of any life insurance company organized and doing business in this state, the department shall notify said company of the amount or amounts thereof. Within sixty (60) days after the date of such notification, the officers of such company shall deposit with the department, solely for the security and benefit of all its policyholders, assets in an amount, invested in accordance with section 2 of this chapter (except paragraph 20 of section 2(b) of this chapter) which together with the assets already deposited with the department and such additional assets as may be deposited by said company with other states or governments, pursuant to the requirements of the laws of such other states or governments in which said company is doing business, shall be not less than the lesser of the amount of such reserve value or reserve liabilities or the amount provided under subsection (f). No life insurance company organized under this article or any other law of this state shall be required to make such deposit until the amount prescribed by this subsection exceeds the amount deposited by said company under IC 27-1-6-14, or IC 27-1-6-15, or IC 27-1-6-15.1. Investments in real estate shall be deposited in the form of satisfactory evidences of ownership. The deposit requirement in relation to policy loans and bank deposits shall be considered fulfilled by the inclusion of such item in the company's annual statement, but subject to the right of the company at any time, and the obligation of the company on demand of the department, to file with the department a certificate as to the amount of such item.

(b) If the department in the course of the year ascertains that the net reserve value of a company's policies (as defined in section 9 of this chapter) or its reserve liabilities (as defined in section 10 of this chapter) exceeds such company's deposits as required by subsection (a), it may require such company within sixty (60) days to increase its deposit to the required amount.

(c) Nothing in this article shall prevent the deposit of bonds, mortgages, or other securities which meet the investment requirements of a foreign or alien state or country, to an amount not exceeding the

amount of the reserves on policies issued to residents of, and to corporations doing business in, such state or country. If, pursuant to the law of a foreign or alien state or country in which an Indiana life insurance company is doing business, securities belonging to such a company are required to be deposited within the boundaries of such foreign or alien state or country, credit for the amount of such deposit, not exceeding the amount of the reserves on policies issued to residents of, and to corporations doing business in, such foreign or alien state or country, may be taken by the company as an offset against its deposits required under this article.

- (d) If, pursuant to the law of a foreign or alien state or country, a life insurance company domiciled therein is not permitted a reserve credit for reserves maintained by a reinsurer foreign to such a state or country, except on the condition that the amount of such reserve be deposited with the insurance supervisory official of such state or country, a deposit credit for the amount of such reserves so deposited shall be allowed a domestic life insurance company accepting reinsurance from companies domiciled in such state or country.
- (e) Any deposit of assets with the department pursuant to any law superseded by this chapter shall, prior to the first deposit date contemplated in subsection (a), be continued with the department and otherwise be subject to this section.
- (f) The amount of the deposit, except as otherwise provided in subsection (a), shall be one million dollars (\$1,000,000) excluding policy loans and bank deposits, or such greater amount as the department deems necessary to protect the interests of the policyholders of a particular company by an order to the company to deposit additional amounts under this section.

## (g) Each company:

- (1) must report to the department each new asset acquisition to establish its eligibility for investment under the numbered categories of permissible investments under section 2 of this chapter at such regular intervals, within the time limit following each interval and on the forms as the department may require, without complying with IC 4-22-2; and
- (2) when ordered by the department, shall make any additional report relating to:
  - (A) the category of eligibility, the characteristics, or the

| 1   | amount of any investment; or   |
|-----|--|
| 2   | (B) the amount of the assets of the company in any category;           |
| 3   | calculated under the rules applied for annual statement purposes.      |
| 4   | SECTION 12. IC 27-14-3-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS                         |
| 5   | FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as                |
| 6   | provided in subsection (b), an MIHC:                                   |
| 7   | (1) has and may exercise all the rights and privileges of insurance    |
| 8   | companies formed under this title; and                                 |
| 9   | (2) is subject to all the requirements and regulations imposed         |
| 10  | upon insurance companies formed under this title.                      |
| 11  | (b) The exceptions referred to in subsection (a) are as follows:       |
| 12  | (1) An MIHC does not have the right or privilege to write              |
| 13  | insurance (except through an insurance company subsidiary) and         |
| 14  | is not subject to any requirement or rule adopted under IC 4-22-2      |
| 15  | relating to the writing of insurance.                                  |
| 16  | (2) An MIHC is not subject to the deposit requirement in               |
| 17  | <del>IC 27-1-6-15(d).</del> IC 27-1-6-15(e) or IC 27-1-6-15.1(b).      |
| 18  | (3) An MIHC is not subject to any statute or rule adopted under        |
| 19  | IC 4-22-2 that is imposed upon insurance companies formed              |
| 20  | under this title to the extent that the statute or rule is in conflict |
| 21  | with this article.   |
| 22  | (4) An MIHC is not subject to the investment requirements under        |
| 23  | IC 27-1-12 or IC 27-1-13 that limit or restrict investments in         |
| 24  | subsidiaries.  |
| 25  | (5) An MIHC is not subject to risk-based capital requirements          |
| 26  | under IC 27-1-36.  |
| 27  | (6) An MIHC is not subject to a requirement under IC 27 if the         |
| 28  | commissioner determines by order or rule adopted by the                |
| 29  | commissioner under IC 4-22-2 that the requirement does not             |
| 30  | apply to the MIHC.   |
| 31  | SECTION 13. IC 27-15-14-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS                        |
| 32  | FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 1. (a) If a domestic            |
| 33  | mutual insurance company:  |
| 34  | (1) is insolvent, as defined in IC 27-9-1-2(1);                        |
| 35  | (2) does not meet the applicable minimum surplus requirements          |
| 36  | of IC 27-1-6-15 <b>or IC 27-1-6-15.1</b> ; or                          |
| 37  | (3) in the judgment of the commissioner, is in a hazardous             |
| 3.8 | financial condition:   |

its board of directors may adopt, and the commissioner may approve, any plan of conversion and amendment to the articles of incorporation that, on the effective date of the conversion, would provide for the former mutual to have paid-in capital stock and surplus in an amount not less than the minimum requirements of IC 27-1-6-14(c) and IC 27-1-6-14(e) and an RBC level greater than its company action RBC level.

(b) The commissioner may allow waivers or material modifications of the requirement to give any notices to members and policyholders, to obtain member approval of the proposed plan of conversion or amendment to the articles of incorporation of the converting mutual, or to distribute consideration to members if the value of a converting mutual described in subsection (a) does not in the judgment of the commissioner warrant any such notices, approvals, or distribution under the circumstances, including the expenses involved in a distribution of consideration.

SECTION 14. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) As used in this SECTION, "committee" refers to the interim study committee on motor vehicle towing established by this section.

- (b) There is established the interim study committee on motor vehicle towing. The committee consists of the following members:
  - (1) Four (4) members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, one (1) of whom shall serve as the chairperson of the committee. Not more than two (2) members appointed under this subdivision may be members of the same political party.
  - (2) Four (4) members of the senate appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate. Not more than two (2) members appointed under this subdivision may be members of the same political party.
- (c) The committee shall study practices and charges associated with removal, towing, or storage of a motor vehicle, including:
  - (1) issues related to release of the motor vehicle to the motor vehicle owner;
- (2) the manner in which determinations are made regarding usual and customary charges for the service rendered in a community;

38 (3) the actual costs of the service rendered;

| 1  | (4) certification of an entity by the state as a qualified towing  |
|----|--|
| 2  | service; and   |
| 3  | (5) other issues related to removal, towing, or storage of a       |
| 4  | motor vehicle determined necessary by the committee.               |
| 5  | (d) The committee shall operate under the policies governing       |
| 6  | study committees adopted by the legislative council.               |
| 7  | (e) The affirmative votes of a majority of the voting members      |
| 8  | appointed to the committee are required for the committee to take  |
| 9  | action on any measure, including final reports.                    |
| 10 | (f) The committee shall report its findings and recommendations    |
| 11 | to the legislative council in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 |
| 12 | before November 1, 2009.   |
| 13 | (g) This SECTION expires December 31, 2009.                        |
| 14 | SECTION 15. An emergency is declared for this act.                 |
| 15 | Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.                               |
|    | (Reference is to SB 486 as printed February 20, 2009.)             |
|    |  |

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

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Representative Fry